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using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace ExpoCalc
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        private Int32 inputRangeLow;
        private Int32 inputRangeHigh;
        private Int32 outputRangeLow;
        private Int32 outputRangeHigh;
        private Int32 expo;

        private double expoAdjustedRangeLower = 0.0f;
        private double expoAdjustedRangeHigher = 0.0f;

        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void Form1_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
        }

        private void buttonCalculate_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            if (ValidateInputs())
            {
                CalculateExpoValues();
            }
        }

        private bool ValidateInputs()
        {
            try
            {
                inputRangeLow = (Int32)nudInputLower.Value;
                inputRangeHigh = (Int32)nudInputHigher.Value;
                outputRangeLow = (Int32)nudOutputLower.Value;
                outputRangeHigh = (Int32)nudOutputHigher.Value;
                expo = (Int32)nudExpo.Value;

                if (inputRangeLow > inputRangeHigh)
                    throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException("At the moment, Input Range Low must be smaller
than Input Range High");
                if (outputRangeLow > outputRangeHigh)
                    throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException("At the moment, Output Range Low must be smaller
than Ouput Range High");
            }
            catch (Exception ex)
            {
                MessageBox.Show("Please check inputs:" + ex.Message);
                return false;
            }
            return true;
        }

        private void CalculateExpoValues()
        {
            lbOutput.Items.Clear();
            /** get the lower and higher values of the ranges
             * When we apply expo the upper and lower ranges change,
             * based on the expo setting the upper range may go up to the value (Natural Antilog) e (limit
infinity)
             * **/
            expoAdjustedRangeLower = GetExpoAdjustedValue(inputRangeLow);

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        expoAdjustedRangeHigher = GetExpoAdjustedValue(inputRangeHigh);

        if (inputRangeLow < inputRangeHigh)
        {
            Int32 lower = inputRangeLow - 1;
            /** go in the positive direction */
            while (++lower <= inputRangeHigh)
            {

                double transformedValue = 0.0f;
                if (expo == 0)
                {
                    transformedValue = outputRangeLow + (((double)lower - inputRangeLow) / (inputRangeHigh
- inputRangeLow)) * (outputRangeHigh - outputRangeLow); ; //prevent divide by 0;
                }
                else
                {
                    double expoAdjustedValue = GetExpoAdjustedValue(lower);
                    transformedValue = outputRangeLow + ((expoAdjustedValue - expoAdjustedRangeLower) /
(expoAdjustedRangeHigher - expoAdjustedRangeLower)) * (outputRangeHigh - outputRangeLow);
                }

                /** we now have the updated exp ranges and a value in that range,
                * apply a lerp to get interpolated value on the target range
                * */

                lbOutput.Items.Add(String.Format("Input: {0:F4} -> Output {1:F4}", lower,
transformedValue));
            }
        }

    }

    private double GetExpoAdjustedValue(double value)
    {
        double valueMagnitude = value - inputRangeLow;
        double rangeMagnitude = inputRangeHigh - inputRangeLow;

        double ratio = valueMagnitude / rangeMagnitude;
        return Math.Pow((double)(1 + ratio / expo), (double)expo);
    }
}

```